Shape phase transitions in atomic nuclei along Z = 114 and Z = 120 isotopic chains

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Using the constrained Skyrme-Hartree-Fock-Bogoliubov approach we examine the shape phase transitions and critical point phenomena in the even-even superheavy nuclei. The selfconsistent Skyrme-HFB model is equivalent to minimization of the total energy of Skyrme energy density functional under constraints of: average values of neutrons/protons numbers $N_{n/p}$ and values of multiple-moments $Q_{\lambda\mu}$ [1]. We analyze the evolution of the ground-state shapes on the $(\beta - \gamma)$ energy maps and the effect of triaxiality on the heights of inner fission barriers in superheavy nuclei along Z = 114 and Z = 120 isotopic chains.

Bibliography

[1] A. Staszczak, C. Y. Wong, and A. Kosior, Phys. Rev. C95 (2017) 054315.